



GEO-LEO IR Progress at ISRO

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Issues with availability of IASI data



>Implementation of GSICS procedure of ISRO's GEO satellite started with IASI data in bufr format received from EUMETCAST.

>There were large gaps in data reception from EUMETCAST (due to location and position of antenna, weather related problem etc.)

>After last year GSICS meeting, EUMETSAT made an arrangement to provide IASI data (in netcdf format) through THREDDS server.

>Made necessary changes in GSICS procedure chain to fetch data from EUMETSAT THREDDS server and to handle netcdf format.

➤The data received from THREDDS couldn't make seamless arrangements. The data latency was not fixed, older data is also pushed, there were data gaps (during day time) over Indian land mass.

>Explored possibility of getting data from NOAA CLASS. Data was avaialable in native format.

Switched over to manually ordering and downloading from eo-portal (eumetsat website). We decided to download data in bufr format.

➢Problem arose because of limited quota of ISRO users and ROI filtering while fetching data in bufr format.

Finally switched over to manually ordering and downloading from eo-portal (eumetsat website).
We decided to download data in netcdf format (different from the netcdf files fetched from THREDDS server)







20151224







MetopB-Day



MetopB-Night







Eumetcast chain: BUFR format

20151110

MetopA Day













Parallel and combined

Advancement in extracting **BUFR** files...







MetopB-Night



GSICS thredds : NetCDF format

Global Space-based





➢Break orbital data into granules (~ the extent of 3 minutes)

➢Apply quality checks on each granule match-up. If quality criterion are not satisfied then the whole match-up data set for that particular granule is rejected.

➢Quality checks are based on calculating percentage of outliers, outliers removed bias, rmsd and correlation.

➢Outliers are calculated based on Median Absolute Deviation (MAD) of LEO – GEO pair radiance differences.



Correction Coefficients and Bias Monitoring (INSAT-3D IMAGER)





20150410

20150510

20150609

20150709

20150808

20150907

20151007

20151106

>Weighted linear regression to directly compare collocated radiances observed from each pair of GEO-LEO instruments and systematically generate a set of calibration correction functions referred to as GSICS Corrections.

MIR WV TIR1 TIR2



Correction Coefficients and Bias Monitoring (INSAT-3D Sounder)









BIAS observed before and after applying monthly GSICS correction coefficients (OFFLINE)

INSAT-3D Imager





After GSICS Correction







BIAS observed before and after applying monthly GSICS correction coefficients (OFFLINE)

INSAT-3D Sounder



After GSICS Correction







UNCERTAINITY ANALYSIS



















SYS_BIAS_LAT for channel WVR on 21022016 SYS_BIAS_LONG for channel WVR on 21022016 0.0051 0.000007 0.000006 0.0050 0.000005 0.0049 0.000004 0.0048 0.000003 0.000002 0.0047 0.000001 0.0046 0.000000 0.0045 -0.00001-0.000002 0000 0.0044 L____ 0000 0230 0730 1029 2030 0500 1259 1529 2300 2030 2300 0230 0500 0730 1029 1259 1529 SYS_BIAS_TIME for channel WVR on 21022016 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.00 -0.02 -0.04-0.06-0.08 0030 0230 0430 0630 0830 1059 1259 1459 1659 2130 2330





Future Objectives

➢Operationalization of GSICS website (webpage submitted to GCC for review).

- Routine generation RAC netcdf file and uploading to GSICS site.
- > Operational implementation of demo GSICS coefficients products.

Seeking guidelines

Should uncertainity analysis be carried out for each day?

➢Results of uncertainity analysis to be put on GSICS site?

➤Generation of GSICS calibration coefficients files (necdf format) from Metop-B and day time?





THANKS