

# GK2A AMI Lunar Calibration Results

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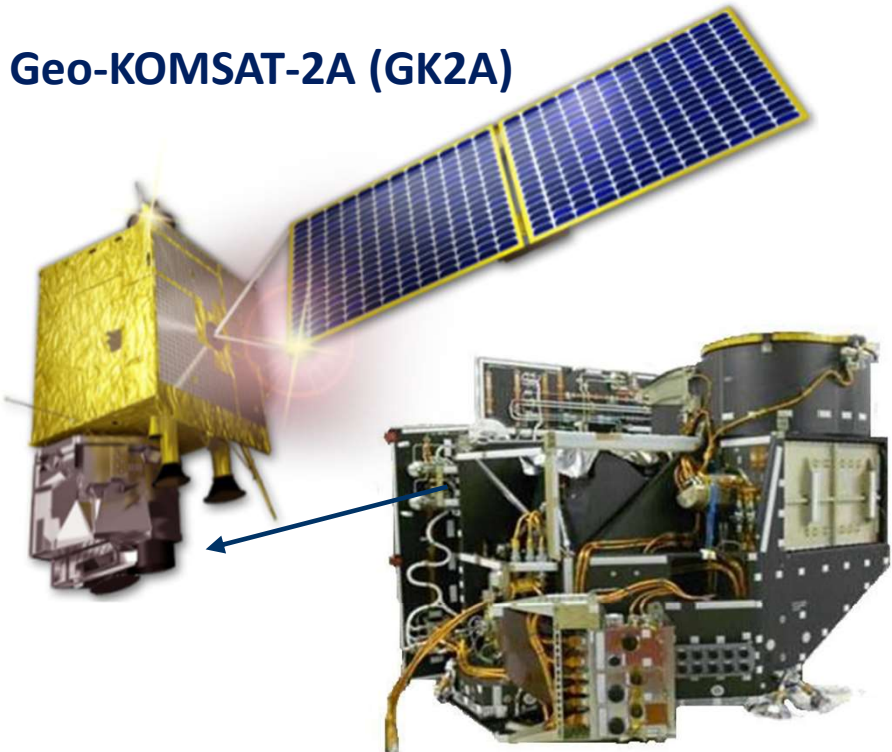
**13 May 2021**

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# Geo-KOMSAT-2A (GK2A) AMI

## Geo-KOMSAT-2A (GK2A)



**AMI**  
(Advanced Meteorological Imager)

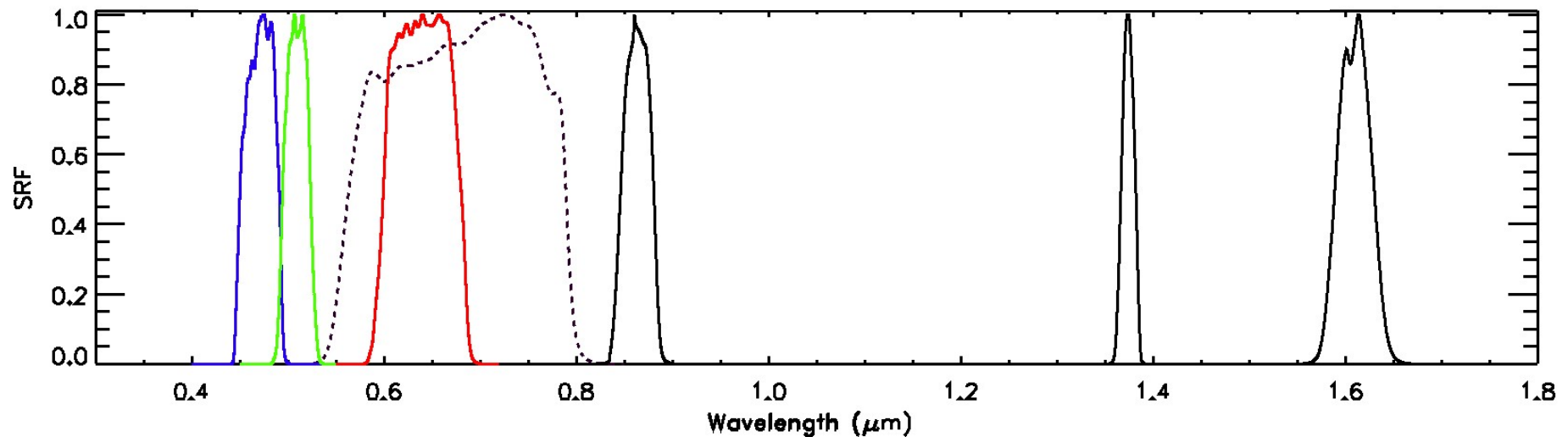
- GK2A was launched 4 December 2018
- The operation and public release started 25 July 2019
- Location : 128.2°E
  
- 16 channels (VIS 4, NIR 2 and IR 10)
- Radiometric Calibration Targets
  - Solar Diffuser for VIS/NIR channels and Blackbody for IR channel calibration
  
- In-orbit solar cal. validation & Instrument degradation trending of AMI VIS/NIR Channels
  - Vicarious calibration using ocean, desert, water cloud, DCC with RTM
  - Ray Matching method (MODIS and VIIRS)
  - and **Lunar Calibration** using GIRO

# GK2A AMI VNIR Channel

## ◆ VNIR Channel Configuration

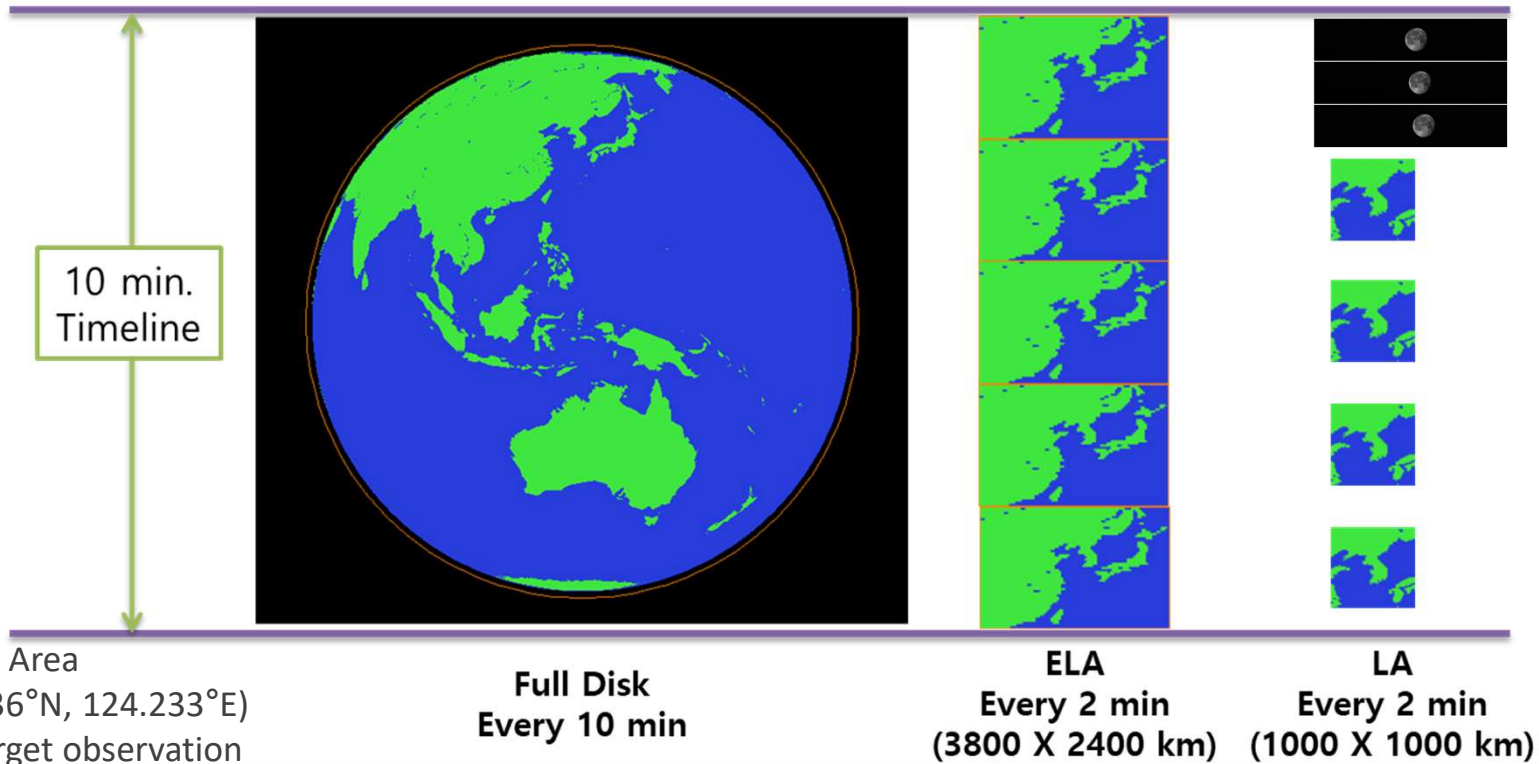
	VI004	VI005	VI006	VI008	NR013	NR016
Central Wavelength [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	0.47	0.51	0.64	0.86	1.3	1.6
Spatial Resolution [km]	1	1	0.5	1	2	2
# of Detector	632	632	1380	632	348	348

Spectral Response Functions of GK2A/AMI and COMS/MI (dashed line)



# GK2A AMI Moon Observation

- ◆ Normal Operation : FD 1 + ELA 5 + LA 5 (10 min.)
- ◆ Lunar observation : FD 1 + ELA 5 + LA 4 + Moon 3 (10 min.)
  - LA 1 time (3 swath) → Moon 3 times

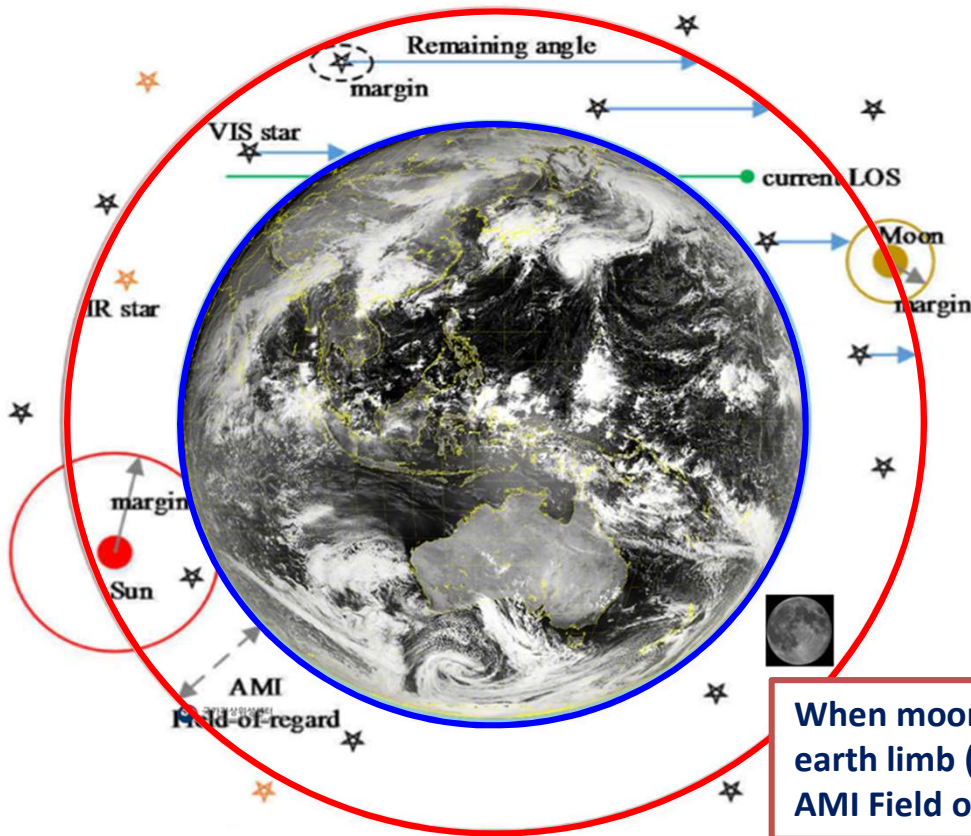


- ✓ FD : Full Disk
- ✓ ELA : Extended Local Area  
(scene center : 34.436°N, 124.233°E)
- ✓ LA : Local Area or Target observation

# GK2A AMI Moon Observation

## ◆ GK2A AMI has observed the Moon about 40 times every month since May 2019

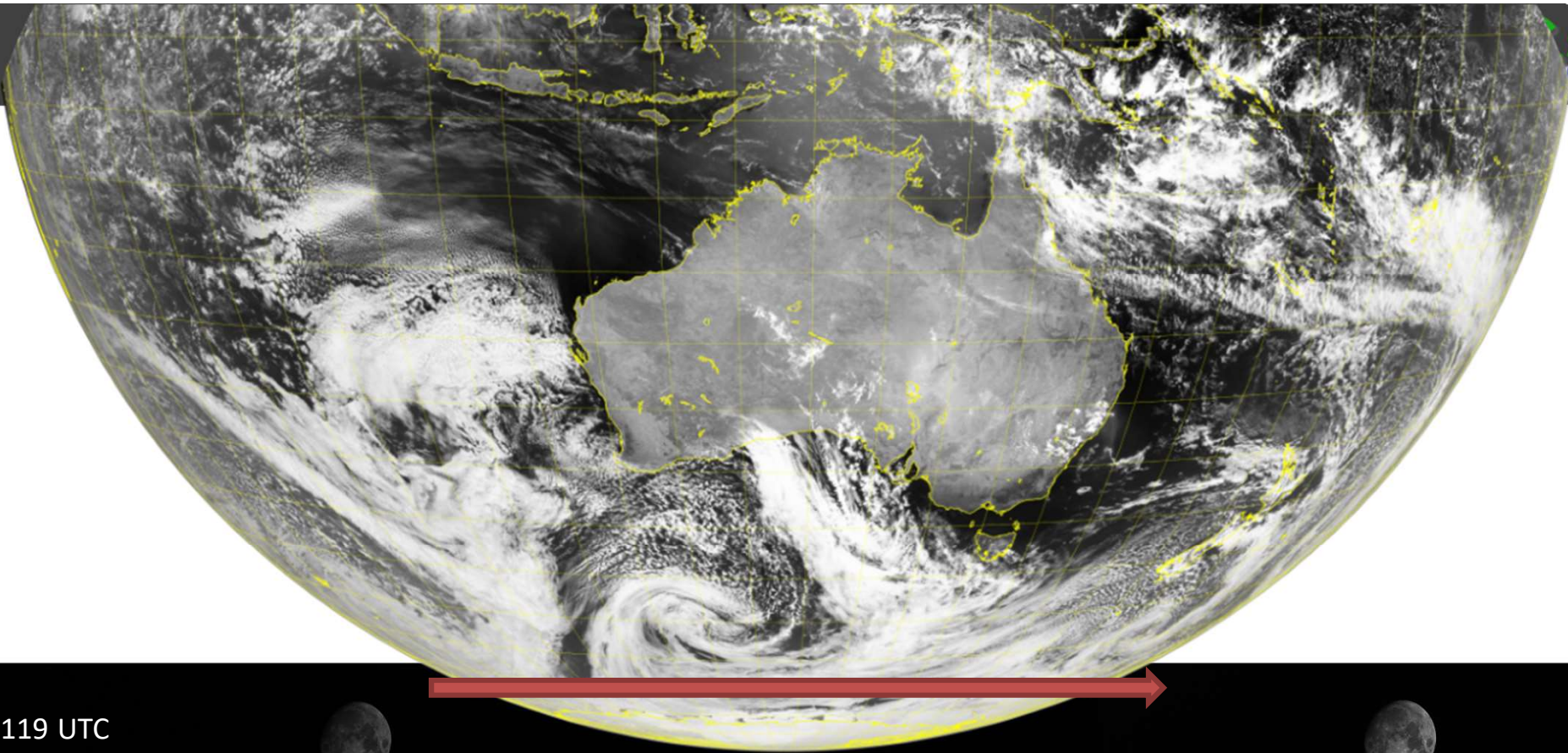
- AMI Moon observation condition
  - Moon Brightness > 50 (half moon)



When moon locate between earth limb (blue circle) and AMI Field of Regards(red circle)

Period	No. of Moon Observation	No. of Moon Calibration Data set	Phase Angle Range	No. of Data Set
May 2019 ~ April. 2021	1132	936	$ PA  \leq 30$	319
			$30 <  PA  \leq 60$	338
			$60 <  PA $	279

- Not use Moon data set when moon locate near earth or moon phase angle >  $\pm 92^\circ$



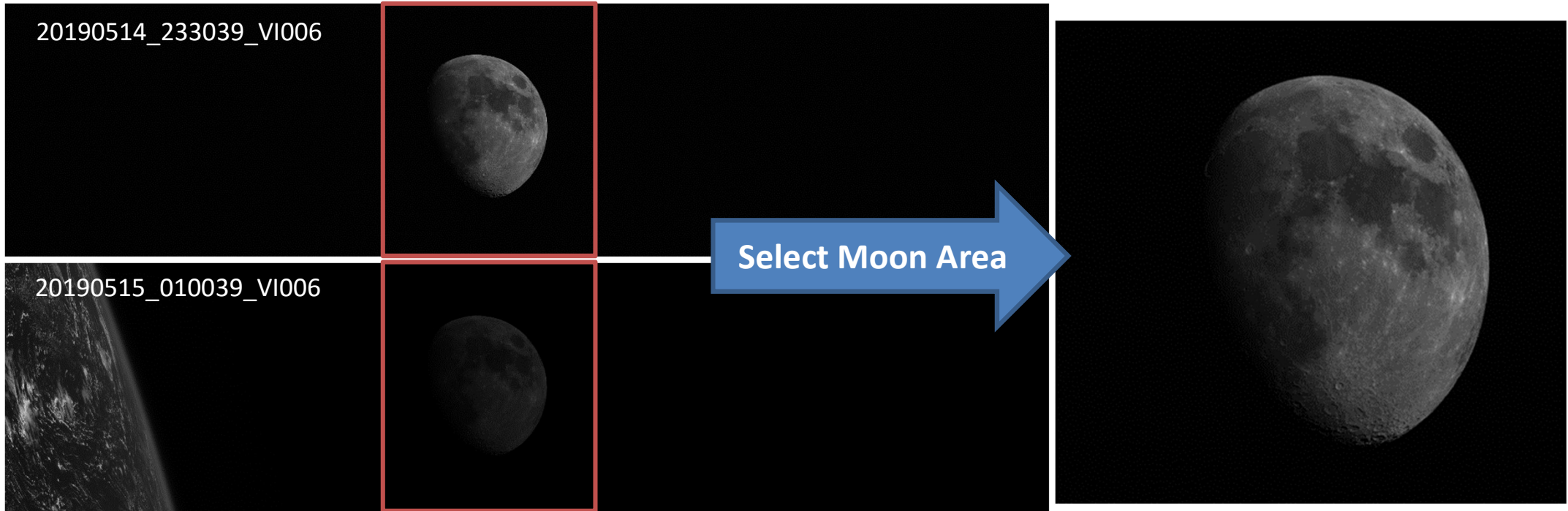
11 Oct 2019  
010039 ~ 015119 UTC



06 Aug 2020  
051039~055039 UTC



# AMI Moon Data Set



Select Moon Area

Channel	VI004	VI005	VI006	VI008	NR013	NR016
Moon data set (pixel size)	600*632	600*632	1200*1380	600*632	300*348	300*348

✓ Phase Angle (absolute value) Range of observed Data set : min : 3.73 deg. / max : 91.82 deg.

## ◆ Lunar Irradiance Calculation

$$I = \Omega \sum_i^{row} \sum_j^{col} Radiance_{i,j} \cdot \boxed{\text{Oversampling Factor}}^1$$

- $\Omega$ : Sample solid angle =  $\text{sr}(\text{EW\_ASD} * \text{NS\_ASD}) = \text{EW\_ASD} * \text{NS\_ASD}$
- $\text{NS\_ASD} = \text{NS IFOV}$
- $\text{Radiance}_{i,j}$  : calibrated radiance at (i,j) image coordinate

Channel Name	ASD ( $\mu\text{rad}$ )	IFOV ( $\mu\text{rad}$ )		Solid Angle ( $\text{EW\_ASD} * \text{NS\_ASD}$ ) (rad)
		NS	EW	
VI004	22	22.9	22.9	5.038E-10
VI005	22	22.9	22.9	5.038E-10
VI006	11	10.5	12.4	1.155E-10
VI008	22	22.9	22.9	5.038E-10
NR013	44	42	51.5	1.848E-09
NR016	44	42	51.5	1.848E-09



## ◆ Calculate oversampling factor

- Using the NOAA Proposed Calculation Method
- ✓ Reference : GOES-16 ABI Lunar Data Preparation to GIRO, Fangfang Yu, 2nd Lunar Calibration Workshop, Xi'an, China, Nov. 13-17, 2017

Channel Name	ASD ( $\mu\text{rad}$ )	IFOV ( $\mu\text{rad}$ )		Solid Angle (EW_ASD*NS_ASD) (rad)	Oversampling Factors
		NS	EW		
VI004	22	22.9	22.9	5.038E-10	<b>1.0056809602</b>
VI005	22	22.9	22.9	5.038E-10	<b>1.0055607934</b>
VI006	11	10.5	12.4	1.155E-10	<b>1.0028090287</b>
VI008	22	22.9	22.9	5.038E-10	<b>1.0057331638</b>
NR013	44	42	51.5	1.848E-09	<b>1.0049463375</b>
NR016	44	42	51.5	1.848E-09	<b>1.0051906216</b>

## ◆ AMI Lunar Irradiance vs. GIRO

- Moon pixel select based on L1A DC thresholds for each channel
- Set the thresholds to remove bright pixel in space area (e.g. star, or Contaminated pixel by Earth limb)

	VI004	VI005	VI006	VI008	NR013	NR016
Thresholds	30	30	70	120	70	50
mean counts of dc_offset	19.8	19.8	39.7	79.6	39.7	19.5

- dc\_offset : The digital count offset from the *i*th Moon observation of the channel *k* derived as the average value over the deep space portion of the image

# GK2A AMI Lunar Results (May 2019. 5 ~ April 2021)

## ➤ Normalized Lunar Ratio

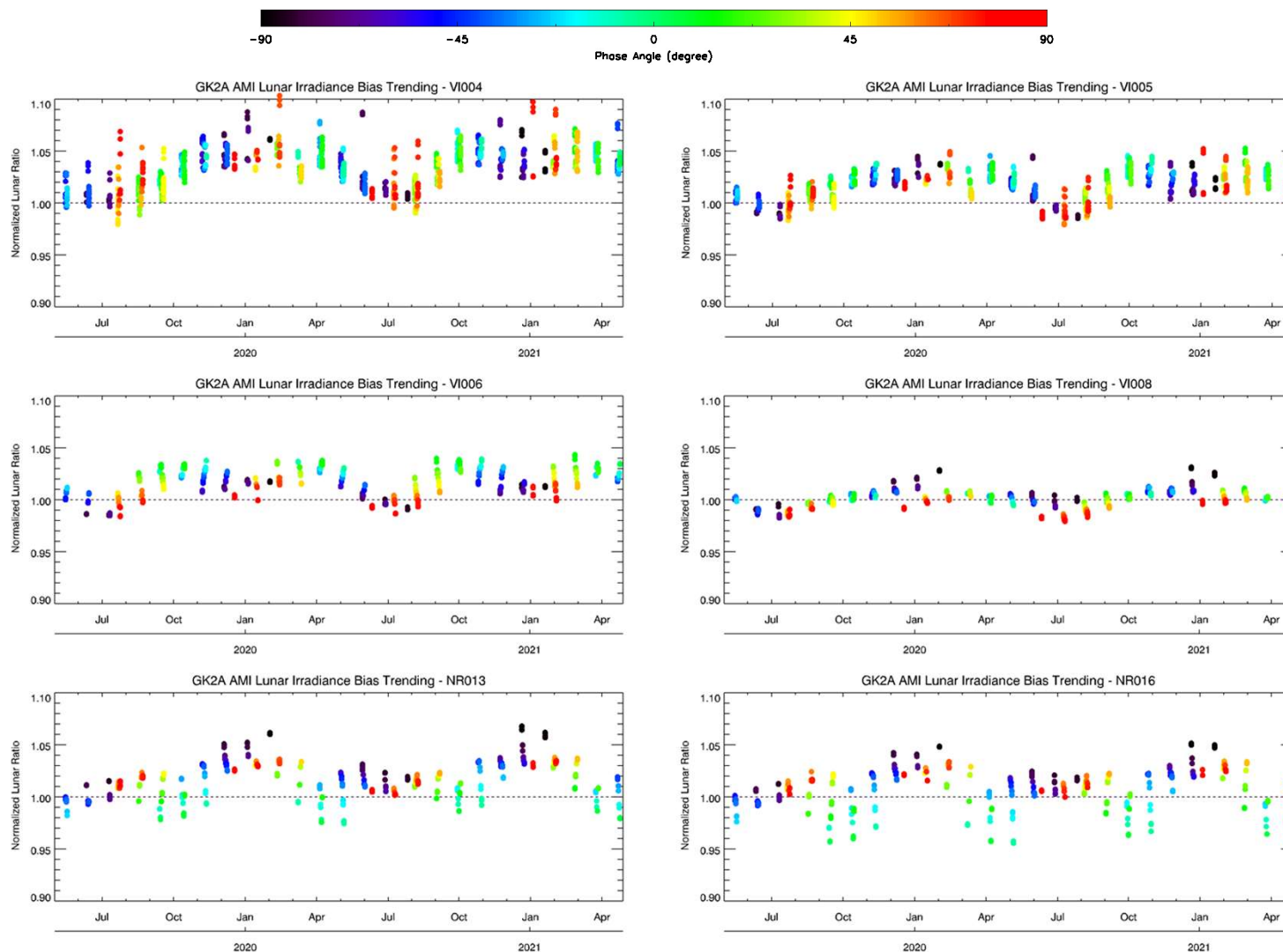
$$R_{nor} = \frac{Ratio_t}{Ratio_{t0}}$$

$$Ratio_t = \left( \frac{Irr_{Obs,t}}{Irr_{GIRO,t}} - 1 \right) \cdot 100$$

Difference of lunar irradiance between the observation and GIRO

### ✓ Note :

- Sub-sampled lunar observations (#936) are shown
- Ratio is normalized by Ratio<sub>t0</sub> (t<sub>0</sub>; 14 May 2019)



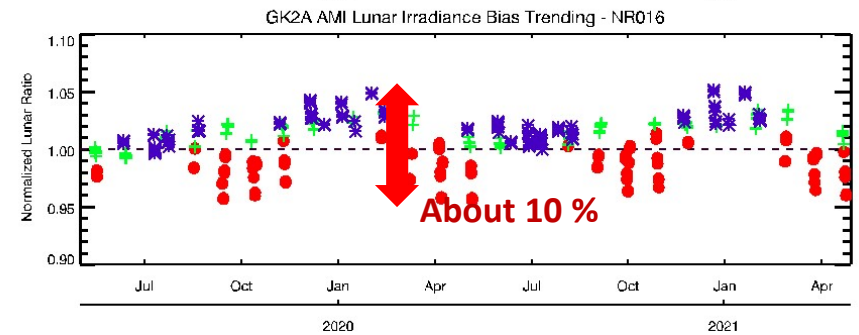
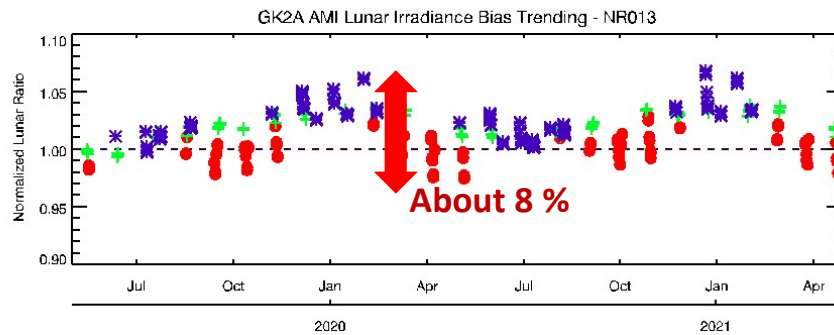
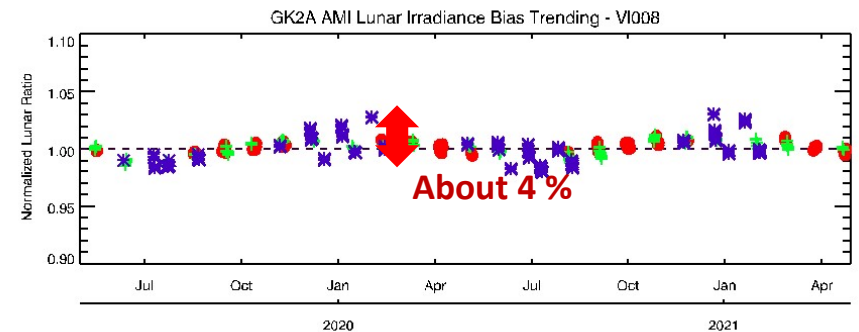
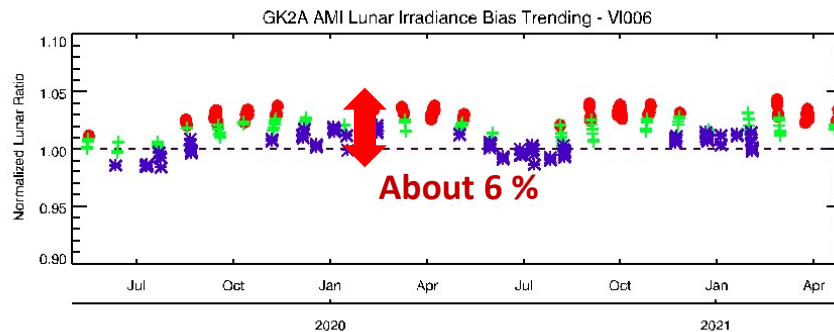
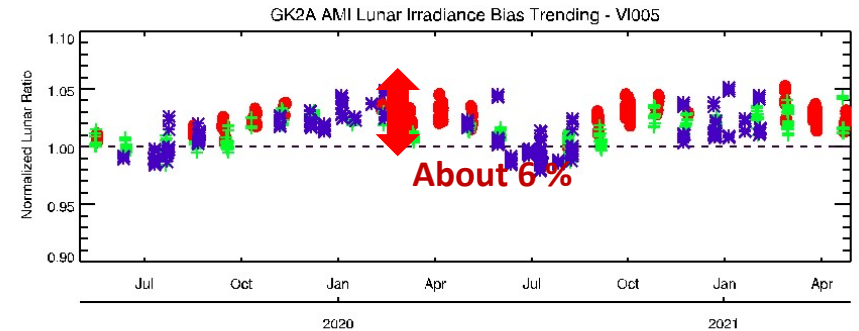
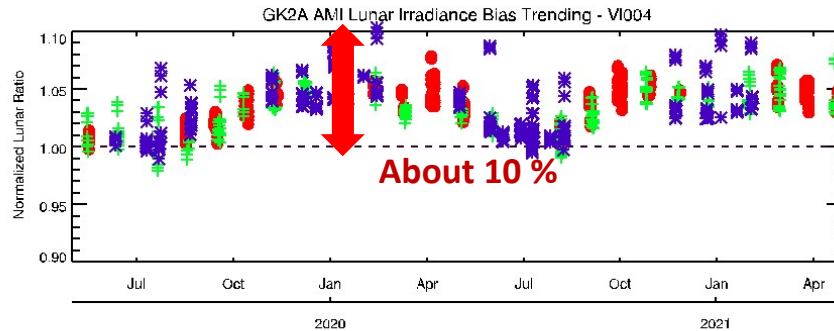
# GK2A AMI Lunar Results (May 2019. 5 ~ April. 2021)



**Red dot :**  
absolute PA  $\leq 30^\circ$   
(192 data set)

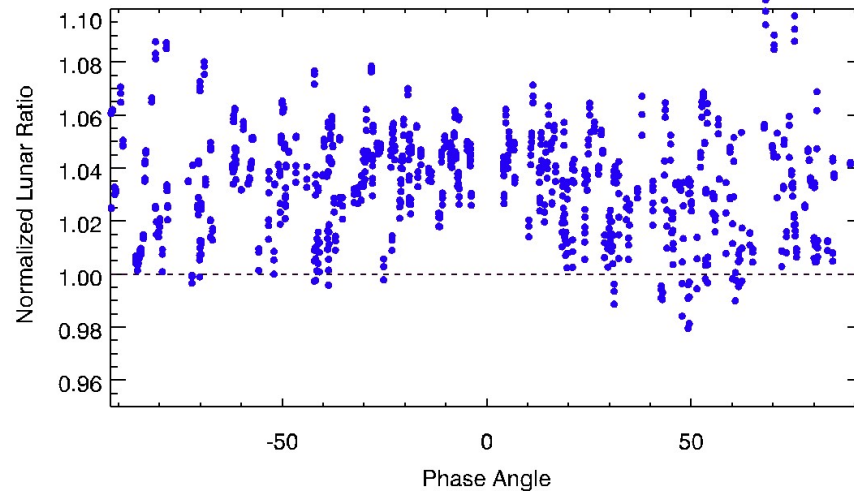
**Green + sign :**  
 $30^\circ < \text{absolute PA} \leq 60^\circ$   
(228 data set)

**Purple Asterisk (\*) :**  
absolute PA  $> 60^\circ$   
(224 data set)

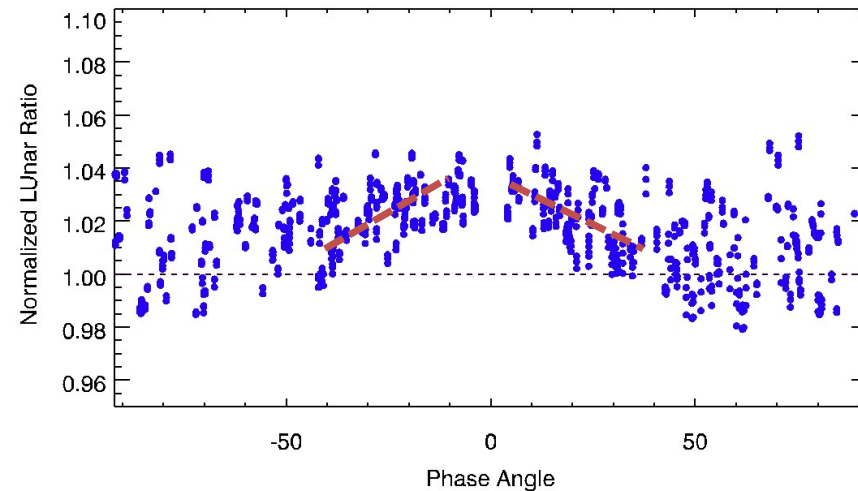


# GK2A AMI Lunar Results ( $\text{Ratio}_{\text{nor}}$ vs. Phase Angle)

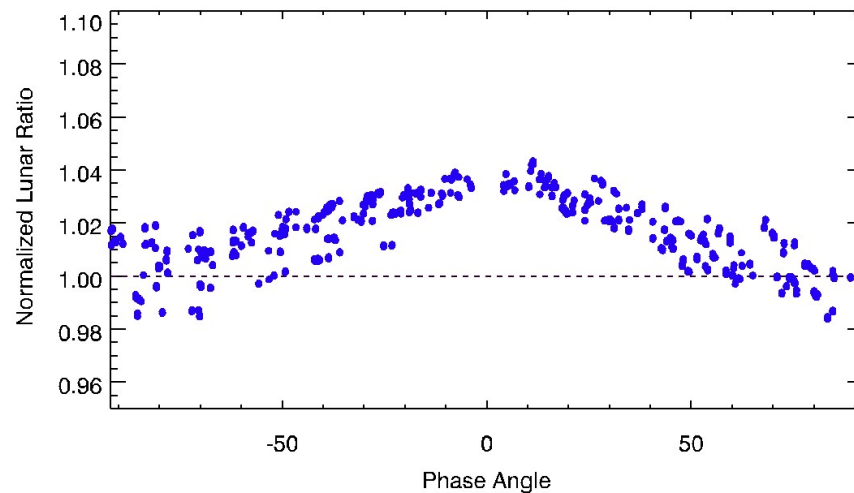
GK2A AMI VI004



GK2A AMI VI005



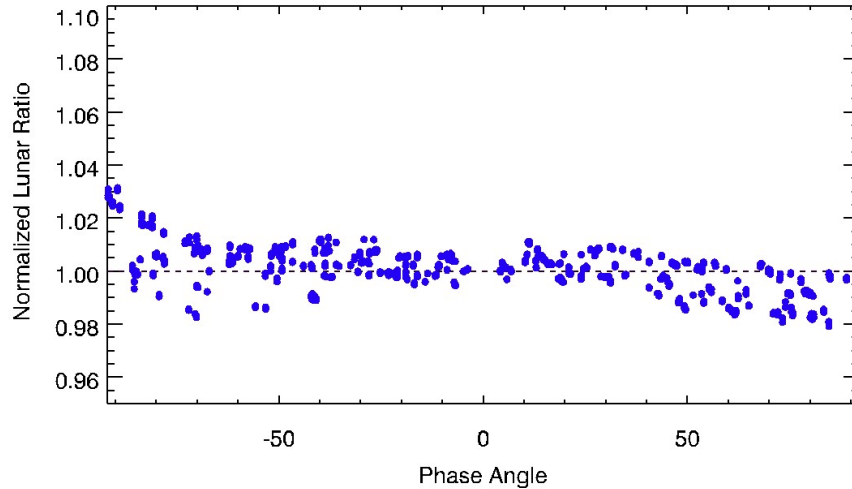
GK2A AMI VI006



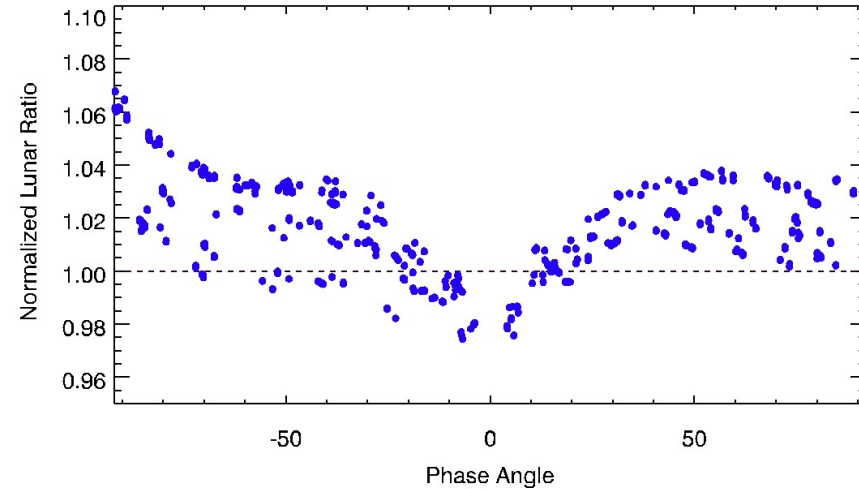
- ◆ Date : May 2019 – April 2021
  - VI004: Much scattered, no strong apparent phase angle dependent ratio
  - VI005: Phase angle dependent at relatively small absolute phase angles, but  $> 40^\circ$  and  $< -40^\circ$
  - VI006: Phase angle dependent appears

# GK2A AMI Lunar Results (Ratio<sub>nor</sub> vs. Phase Angle)

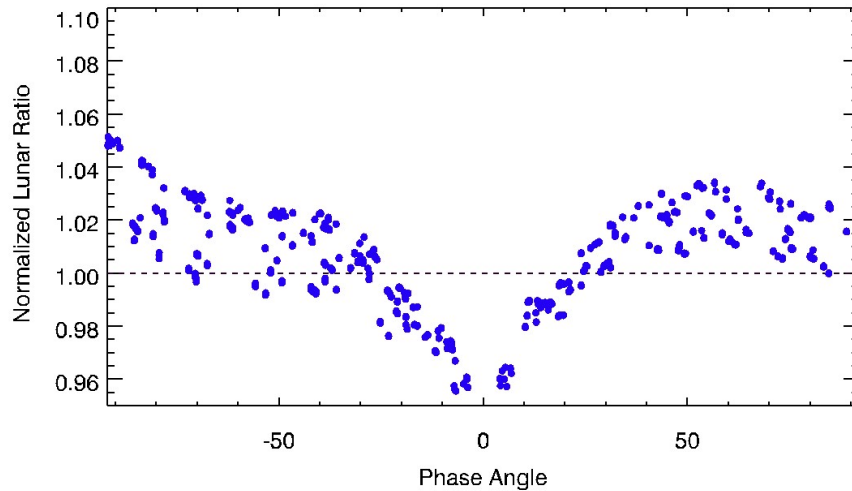
GK2A AMI VI008



GK2A AMI NR013



GK2A AMI NR016



- VI008 : Phase angle dependent bias appears
- NR013 and NR016 : Strong phase angle dependent calibration accuracy and Magnitude Increases with the wavelength

## ◆ GK2A AMI lunar observation

- 6 VNIR bands (0.47, 0.51, 0.64, 0.86, 1.3, 1.6  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and available since May 2019
- Lunar observation: the quality is under checking

## ◆ GK2A AMI Lunar calibration Results

- Show unexpected **seasonal variation about 5~10%** depend on channel (SRF)
  - Also VNIR DCC calibration (GSICS and Ray matching method) **→10 June 2021 webmeeting**
- **Need Long Term Monitoring and further investigation**
- Need revisit of oversampling factor and pixel IFoV
- Update moon pixel selection (e.g. use of new DC threshold and lunar shape fitting)

## ◆ Plan : Reprocess Lunar data

- Will re-process the lunar data without the updates of solar calibration coefficients to de-couple the SCT from the instrument performance

# 감사합니다.

